

Abstraction of Communication and Concurrency in VHDL

Peter Ashenden

University of Adelaide

Visiting Scholar at

University of Cincinnati

partially supported by Wright Laboratory
under USAF contract F33615-95-C-1638

Complexity Management

- For system-level design of behavior
 - abstraction of data
 - abstraction of communication & timing
 - abstraction of concurrency
- SUAVE:
 - SAVANT & University of Adelaide
VHDL Extensions
 - object-oriented data modeling
 - genericity
 - communication & concurrency

Design Objectives

- Abstract communication (*cf* signals)
- Dynamic process creation/termination
- Avoid bias toward hardware or software
- Integration with existing language and oo/genericity extensions
- superset of existing language

Communication

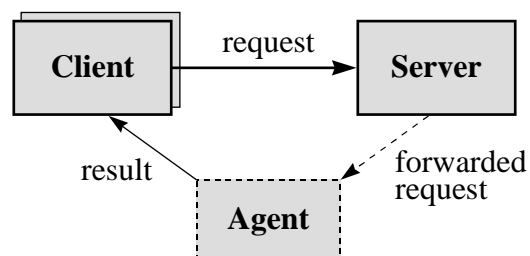
- Channel types
- Channel objects
- Interface channels
 - ports and parameters
- Dynamically created channels
 - access-to-channel types
- Message passing
 - send/receive
 - select (non-deterministic choice)

Concurrency

- Process declaration
 - generic and port clauses define interface
- Static instantiation
- Dynamic instantiation

Example

- Client-server system
 - number of clients not known *a priori*
 - multi-threaded server
 - creates new process to handle a request



System Overview

architecture system_level **of** client_server_system **is**

```
type result_value is ...;
type result_channel is channel result_value;
type result_ref is access result_channel;
type request_info is record
  ...; -- info for the transaction
  result_please : result_ref;
end record request_info;
process client is ...
process server is ...
channel server_request : request_info;
begin
  the_server : process server
    port map ( request => server_request );
  a_client : process client
    port map ( request => server_request );
end architecture system_level;
```

Client Process Declaration

```
process client is
  port ( channel request : out request_channel );
  variable result : result_ref := new result_channel;
begin
  ...
  send ( ..., result ) to request;
  receive ... from result.all;
  ...
end process client;
```

Server Process Declaration

```
process server is
  port ( channel request : in request_channel );
  process agent is
    port ( channel request : in request_channel );
    variable info : request_info;
  begin
    receive info from request;
    ...; -- perform transaction
    send ... to info.result_please.all;
    terminate;
  end process agent;
  variable info : request_info;
  variable new_agent_request : request_ref;
begin
  receive info from request;
  new_agent_request := new request_channel;
  process agent
    port map ( request => new_agent_request.all );
  send info to new_agent_request.all;
end process server;
```

Summary

- Complexity management \Rightarrow abstraction
- SUAVE: abstraction for
 - data modeling
 - communication & timing
 - concurrency
- System-level modeling
 - pre hardware/software partitioning
- Further info
 - <http://www.eecs.uc.edu/~petera/suave.html>